Alexandria Daily Advertiser.

Vol. IV.] FRIDAY, JANUARY 6, 1804. [No. 954.

Sales by Auction.

On SATURDAY,

At 10 o'clock, will be sold at the Vendue Store, the corner of King and Union Streets.

Rum in hhds. and barrels,
Whiskey in barrels,
Apple Brandy in barrels,
Gin in casks
Wine in pipes and quatter casks,
Molasses in hhds.
Sugar in hhds. and barrels,
White and brown Soap in boxes,
Coffee in casks and bags,
Raisins in kegs and boxes,
Queen's Ware, and

ALSO,

A variety of DRY GOODS,

—AMONG WHICH ARE—

Broad Cloths,	Irish Linens,
Cassimeres,	Calicoes,
Kerseys,	Threads,
Coatings,	Chintzes,
Halfthicks,	Bedticks,
Fearnaught,	Oznaburgs,
Blankets,	Sewing Silks,
Planes,	Muslin and Muslin
Negro Cottons,	Handkerchiefs,
Worsted and other Stockings,	India Cottons, &c &c.

THOS. PATTEN, *Auctioneer.*

January 2.

Public Vendue.

On TUESDAY,

At 10 o'clock, will be sold at the Vendue Store,

Rum in hogsheads and barrels.
French Brandy in pipes,
Gin in pipes and bls.
Whiskey and Apple Brandy in bls.
Sugar in hhds. tierces and bls.
Coffee in tierces and bags,
Chocolate, White and brown Soap, Mould and dip'd Candles } in boxes,
Raisins in kegs, boxes and jars,
Figs in kegs and frails,
Queens Ware in crates,

FURNITURE, &c.

ALSO,

A variety of DRY GOODS,

Among which are,

Cloths, Coatings,
Kerseymeres, Duffils,
Plains and Kerseys,
Negro Cottons, Serges,
Elasticks, blue Friezes,
Calimancoes and Russels,
Yarn Stockings,
Chintzes and Calicoes,
Irish Linens, Silesia do.
Osnaburgs and Ticklenburgs,
Muslins and Muslin Hand'fs,
India Muslins and Table Cloths
Bandanna Handkerchiefs,
Coloured Threads, Hats,
And sundry other Articles.

P. G. MARSTELLER.

January 2.

Window Glass.

The Subscribers have received and offer for sale, 8 by 10, and 7 by 9, window glass, from the Baltimore Manufactory. The quality is excellent, and it will be sold at the Baltimore prices. They expect to receive very shortly, larger sizes from the same place.

R. T. HOOE, & Co.

Dec. 2. d

WILLIAM LADD

Has imported in the latest ships from England and Ireland, an assortment of

Irish Linens and Woollen Goods,

suitable to the season.

Oct. 17.

JUST PUBLISHED

By COTTOM AND STEWART, *and for Sale at their Store.*

DEATH ABOLISHED;

A SERMON,

Occasioned by the sickness which prevailed at Alexandria, during the months of August, September, and October; giving a detail of that sickness, and of some of the views of Providence, in such calamitous visitations.

With an Appendix,

Containing facts, relative to the origin of the sickness, the extent of the mortality, the labors of the Committee of Health, and the contributions for the relief of the poor.

By James Muir, D. D.

Pastor of the Presbyterian Church.

December 1. d

JAMES S. SCOTT

TAILOR,

Has received his FALL assortment of

FANCY GOODS,

Which he will dispose of on the most reasonable terms, by the yard, or make up, on the shortest notice to suit the taste of any:

Amongst which are the following;

SUPERFINE black, blue, drab, claret, cinnamon, bottle green, different shades; light, dark, and Oxford mixtures; also, one piece superfine milled French blue, suitable for cloaks; cassimeres, velvets, velveteens and cords all colors; fancy swandowns, Russian ditto, silk moleskin & velvet;—with a number of different coloured coatings and napt frizes, some of which are milled;—flannels, twilled and plain, fashionable and plain buttons, &c. &c.

☞ *Four good Journeymen wanted immediately.*

October 27. d

JUST RECEIVED,

First quality

Bloom and Muscatel Raisins by the box,
Prunes by the box,
Olives by the box,
Grapes by the jar or smaller quantity,
Sweet Oranges, and
A general assortment of Groceries, &c.

T. SIMMS.

Just Received,

Muscatel and Bloom Raisins by the box,
Fresh Prunes, English Grapes by the jar or pound,
Olives just from Malaga,
English Walnuts and Figs,
Large Oranges, Limes and Lemons,
R. I. Apples by the barrel,
Do. Cheese, Potatoes, Cramberries,
Onions, and best dried Codfish for family use.

A. WILLIS.

Dec. 13. d

JAMES BACON,

At his Store on King-Street, within one door of Washington-Street, has just received, a quantity of small assorted

PATENT SHOT,

which, with a general assortment of Teas, Sugars, Coffee, Wines, Brandy, Spirits, and generally every other article in the grocery line, he offers for sale on the most moderate terms.

Oct. 15. d

JONAH THOMPSON & SON

HAVE RECEIVED,

By the late arrivals, their assortment of

FALL GOODS,

which are now opening at their Warehouse the upper end of Fairfax street.

Oct. 26. d3m

WILLIAM OXLEY

Has received by the Ann from Liverpool and Atalanta, via Baltimore, from London,

FALL GOODS,

which he offers for sale on reasonable terms.

Sept. 30. d

For Sale or Rent.

A convenient two story brick house, completely finished, situated on Water street, between King and Prince Streets—immediate possession will be given. Apply to

JOSEPH RIDDLE.

Nov. 30. dtf.

Thirty Dollars Reward.

RANAWAY from the subscriber on the 29th of October last, a negro man slave named

BOB,

about 20 years of age, five feet nine inches high straight limbed and well formed; said slave hath an impediment in his speech which prevents his readily replying to a question. He commonly wears ear-rings. He took with him a variety of good cloathing, a description of which is unnecessary, as it is probable he has changed them. He has been frequently seen about town since he absconded, and in all probability is now secreted by his mother, Winney Brown, formerly the slave of Mr. JOHN MUIR, late of this town, but now said to be free. The above reward will be paid for securing said Negro BOB, in any goal, and a further reward of TEN DOLLARS for the discovery of those who have been accessary to his concealment.

Captain's of vessels, &c. are forwarned at their peril, not to take him away.

ROBERT B. JAMESSON.

Nov. 18. d

Wanted to Purchase or Hire,

A NEGRO WOMAN from 20 to 35 years of age, capable of washing and ironing, and who can be well recommended. Apply to the Printer.

Dec. 22. co

For Charter or Sale,

THE SHIP

PRESIDENT,

About 240 tons burthen—Two years old, and a fast sailer.

For sale on very moderate terms if taken away immediately,

About 1500 bushels Lisbon Salt,
And 50 barrels PORK.

WM. HODGSON.

Dec. 20. d

For Sale or Charter,

The Schooner Patience,

107 tons burthen, sixteen months old, sails fast and is in fine order to receive a cargo. For terms apply on board at Herbert's wharf, or to

Ricketts, Newton & Co.

Dec. 10. d

For BOSTON,

The Schooner POLLY,

JOSHUA BANGS, Master,

Will sail in five days.

For freight or passage apply to the master on board at Lawrason and Smoot's wharf, or to

JOHN G. LADD.

December 17. d4

THIRD NOTICE.

In the Case of JAMES SMITH, *a Bankrupt.*

WHEREAS a Commission of Bankruptcy, founded upon the act of Congress passed on the 4th day of April, 1800, entitled "An act to establish an uniform system of Bankruptcy throughout the United States," hath been awarded and issued forth against James Smith, of Dumfries, in the state of Virgina, Merchant, and he having been declared a Bankrupt—he is hereby required to surrender himself to the Commissioners, in the said Commission named, or a major part of them, on Friday the 9th, and Saturday the 17th days of this present month, December, and Monday, the 9th day of January next, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon on each day, at the Commissioner's Office, (the house of Benjamin Parke) in the town of Fredericksburg—and make a full disclosure of his estate and effects; when and where his creditors may attend to prove their debts; at the second meeting to chuse assignees; and at the last sitting, the said Bankrupt is required to finish his examination.

All persons indebted to the said Bankrupt, or who have any of his effects, are not to pay or deliver the same, but to whom the Commissioners shall direct.

BENJAMIN PARKE,
Secretary to the Commissioners.

Commissioners Office, Fredericksburg, Dec. 1, 1803. } d

Fifty Dollars Reward,

FOR apprehending two black men who have disappeared from M'Call's Nail Manufactory in Alexandria, one named CHARLES and the other HARRY, both blacksmiths. Charles is about 30 years old, a common sized man, well made, not a very dark complexion, nor good countenance. Harry is one or two years older, nearly the same size, complexion and a down look, bad countenance, impediment in his speech, and stoops a little in his walk. They are brothers and both write a tolerable good hand, and will no doubt have passes. Their cloathing I believe not good, nor can I describe it, as their usual working cloaths are left behind.

Ten Dollars will be given for them, if taken in Alexandria and brought home, or Twenty Five for either, if taken at a further distance, and secured in jail so that I get them.

Wm. Stewart, jun.

N. B. All masters of vessels and others are cautioned against taking away or harbouring the above Negroes.

Dec. 29. d

Three Cents Reward.

RAN AWAY from the subscriber on Tuesday evening last, an apprentice boy named *Benjamin Clark Burgess*, about nineteen years of age, slender built. Whoever will take up said apprentice and bring him home, shall receive the above reward and no thanks.

Jacob Heineman.

Jan. 2. eo3t

NOTICE.

WAS left in the Court House, some time in August last, a light coloured UMBRELLA; at the last court a SWORD in a cane, with a gilt head. The owners by applying to the subscriber and paying the cost of this advertisement, may have them again.

James Campbell.

Dec. 28. eo3t

☞ *Cash given for clean linen and cotton rags.*

FOR SALE BY *WILLIAM HARTSHORNE,*

AT HIS STORE ON KIRK'S WHARF, LOWER END OF WOLF STREET,

New-England Potatoes,
Coarse Salt,
Midlings and Shoulders of Bacon on very low terms,
Ready made Bags,
Bar Iron,
Philadelphia Loaf and Lump Sugar,
Indian Meal, Rye Meal,
Shorts and Bran,
Superfine Flour in barrels and half barrels,

Large and small vessels may be conveniently accommodated with Wharfage on moderate terms.

STORES to let on the Wharf, or goods received in them on Storage.

A large STORE on Hoe's Wharf to sell or let—with the privilege of receiving and shipping goods free of wharfage.

A small HOUSE on Water Street next door to Major Muncaster's, for sale.

A number of LOTS in good situations for sale or to let on ground rent.

Alex. 12th mo. 20th. eotf

Benjamin Shreve, jun.

Has for sale at the corner of Prince and Union Streets,

9 bales India cottons
One case bandanna handkerchiefs,
China, Longee and Pulicat do.
30 pieces Black Satin,
2 cases fur hats,
Table and tea sets china,
Barrels East India Sugar,
Kegs raisins, dipped candles and soap,
Country gin, Malaga wine,
Red sole leather, and about 3 tons first quality Russia cordage, well assorted, which will be sold cheap,

Dec. 5. d

Malaga Wine, Raisins, &c.

Just received, per the brig Celia, Capt. Bowen, from Malaga,

100 quarter casks Malaga Wine,
100 half qr. do.
20 qr. casks Mountain Wine of a superior quality,
50 baskets Almonds,
100 frails Figs,
150 quarter bls. Raisins,
200 boxes Muscatel do.
200 do. Bloom do.
15 boxes Lemons,

which will begin landing this day at our wharf;

J. and T. Vowell.

Who have also on Hand,

FOR SALE ON REASONABLE TERMS,

Jamaica Spirit entitled to drawback,
Muscovado Sugar in tierces and bls. superior old Port Wine, do. Madeira do. Turks Island Salt, mould Candles, 40 bls. prime new Beef, Russia Duck, white Russia Sheeting, Drillings, Ravensduck, &c. &c.

Dec. 9. d

RICKETTS, NEWTON & Co.

HAVE RETURNED TO TOWN,

And are now opening, and will be ready for sale in a few days,

Their Fall supply of Goods:

Consisting of superfine cloths, second do. coatings, fearnoughts, duffile blankets, point and rose do. striped kerseys, plaids, half thicks, cadders, kerseymeres, swansdowns, velvets, corduroys and thicksetts, Scotch carpeting, Brussels do. stuffs and corded dimities, canvas and twine, German linens, seine and sewing twine, threads and sewing silks.

And have on Hand,

70 hhds. Sugar,
4 do. Jamaica Rum,
12000 lbs. Green Coffee,
2000 bushels salt.

Oct. 26. d

TOWNSEND & PLUMB

Respectfully inform the public that they have just received and opened for sale, on Fairfax street, near the corner of Prince street, a handsome assortment of Ladies and Gentlemens'

SHOES:

Ladies' kid, Morocco and leather, with and without heels.
Spangled kid, with and without heels.
Misses Morocco and leather.
Mens' fine and coarse Shoes.
Boys' do. do.
Childrens' Morocco and leather, with a number of other kinds of shoes wholesale and retail.

Great attention will be paid to those who will please to favour them with their custom.

Oct. 29. d3m

Dancing Assemblies.

☞ *The Alexandria* Dancing Aſſemblies *will commence on* Thurſday *the 12th day of January*, 1804, *at* Gadſby's Hotel. *Subſcribers are requeſted to pay their Subſcriptions to Mr. Gadſby, Treaſurer.*

The Managers.

January 2, 1804.

Public Sale.

On Friday the 6th of January next, at three o'clock in the afternoon, will be ſold at the late dwelling houſe of D. Graham, Water ſtreet,

A large boiling of unfiniſhed Soap, together with the materials of a Soap and Candle Manufactory, and two Franklin Stoves, &c.

P. G. MARSTELLER.

Dec. 29.

Public Sale.

At 10 o'clock on Monday 9th inſt. will be ſold at the Houſe of Daniel Douglaſs deceaſed —all his HOUSEHOLD and KITCHEN FURNITURE,

—CONSISTING OF—

Mahogany Tables, Deſks and Bureau, Beads and Bedſteads, Chairs, China, &c.

—ALSO—

A riding Chair and Horſe, a quantity of Plank, Scantling, Shingles, and ſeven SLAVES.

T. PATTEN.

Jan. 3.

For Sale,

Ten acres of LAND in Fee Simple, on the hill near Col. Peyton's—alſo a ſmall houſe and lot on Waſhington ſtreet, between King and Prince ſtreets.

THO'S PATTEN.

January 3, 1804.

TO RENT,

A three ſtory brick WAREHOUSE, ſituate at the lower end of King ſtreet. Enquire of the Printer.

Dec. 22. d

Juſt Received from R. Iſland,

Freſh Apples in bls.
And Cyder and Cheeſe.

A. WILLIS.

Jan. 2. d

Notice is hereby given,

To the Creditors of James M'Donald a Bankrupt; that his final certificate of diſcharge, will be granted on Monday the 16th of January inſt. at 10 o'clock A. M. at the court houſe for the county of Waſhington, in the diſtrict of Columbia, unleſs cauſe be then and there ſhewn to the contrary.

WILLIAM CRANCH,
Aſſiſtant Judge of the Circuit Court of the Diſtrict of Columbia.

January 4th, 1804. 3t

For Sale,

On eaſy terms, a LOT of GROUND on St. Aſaph, near Prince ſtreet, in the town of Alexandria, on which is a convenient brick building now in the tennure of Mr. PLUMB, in my abſence application may be made to Mr. JOHN LONGDEN, who will ſhew the premiſes and make known the terms.

MUNGO DYKES.

January 5. eo3 ‡

Ranaway

On the night of the firſt inſt. from the ſch'r Victory, with her boat, three ſeamen, viz.

ROBERT HINSON, 24 years of age, 5 feet 7¼ inches high, dark hair and complexion.

JOHN TAUNT 20 years of age, 5 feet 9½ inches high, fair complexion, light hair and blue eyes.

ABRAM CHASE, 17 years of age, 5 feet 8½ inches high, of dark complexion, brown hair and blue eyes.

Whoever will apprehend or give information of theſe deſerters, ſo that they may be apprehended, will be handſomely rewarded by Mr. Jeremiah Williams, of Geo. Town.

Samuel Silveſter,
Maſter of the ſch'r Victory of Geo. Town.

Jan. 3. d3‡

To Let,

THE frame Warehouſe on King ſtreet, two doors above Pitt Street, now occupied by Ambroſe Vaſſe. Poſſeſſion will be given on the 27th of this month—apply, in the abſence of the ſubſcriber, to Col. Dennis Ramſey.

R. I. TAYLOR.

Auguſt 15. eo

ROBERT and JOHN GRAY
Have lately received,
LINN's SECOND LETTER,
In anſwer to Dr. Prieſtley's Defence of his Pamphlet, entitled, Socrates and Jeſus compared—62½ cents.

Hear Both Sides, a new Comedy, by Holcroft—25 cents, and

D'Iſaelli's Narrative Poems, 37½ cents.

December 16. d

CONGRESS
OF THE
UNITED STATES.

DEBATE in the SENATE on the LOUISIANA TREATY.

CONCLUDED.

THURSDAY, November 3.

"*An act authoriſing the creation of a Stock to the amount of eleven millions two hundred and fifty thouſand dollars for the purpoſe of carrying into effect the Convention of the thirtieth of April* 1803, *between the United States of America and the French Republic and making proviſion for the payment of the ſame,*" under conſideration.

Mr. Cocke.—Mr. President, it is with reluctance I riſe at this late hour of the day to claim your attention on a ſubject that has been ſo ably diſcuſſed, but the deep intereſt the ſtate muſt feel that I have the honor in part to repreſent pleads my apology and requires that the objections made to the paſſage of this bill ſhould meet my anſwer.

Gentlemen appear to have reſted their objections on two grounds; firſt the conſitutionality; ſecondly, the expediency of paſſing the bill at this time—theſe objections when we give them their full weight, cannot appear well founded or conſiſtent with opinions formerly delivered by the gentleman on this floor, at a time when they contemplated taking New-Orleans and the Floridas by military force. Here however I muſt except the gentleman from N. Jerſey (Mr. Dayton) and freely confeſs that he has been conſiſtent, and that a manly conſiſtency has accompanied him thro' the whole of this buſineſs, although I believe him to be miſtaken in point of policy.

But what muſt we think of gentlemen on whom this ſudden change has taken place, and who now exclaim againſt the paſſage of this bill, when we recollect that laſt winter they were ready to ſtorm the Spaniſh garriſons, and who then promiſed by their valor, to ſecure to us a free trade down the Miſſiſippi, and to make New-Orleans and the Floridas their own. Did the conſtitution then form a barrier againſt them? They muſt excuſe me if in point of candour, I cannot compliment them, for they have not only voted againſt the treaty that ſecures to us more than they could have contemplated by their arms and their valor, but they have alſo voted againſt the law for carrying the objects of that treaty into effect, after that treaty had been ratified, and the exchange of ratification taken place in due form; and, now ſir, we hear thoſe warlike ſpirits expreſſing their fears, that the weſtern country will ſoon become too powerful for the eaſt, and that a ſeparation muſt inevitably take place between us. I aſk gentlemen the ground on which they build their fears. It cannot be ſir, that we have paid leſs reſpect to the laws of the Union than any other portion of our fellow citizens, or have we in any inſtance ſhewn leſs regard for our government, or its honeſt adminiſtration? Is it then that gentlemen had determined in their own minds to treat us with ſuch marked indifference, or injuſtice, as ſhould rouſe us to juſt reſentment. When that ſhall be the caſe, I agree with my friend from Kentucky, that there is a point beyond which we cannot go; but let not gentlemen be alarmed at the aquiſition of Louiſiana, this new world as they pleaſe to call it, and which they ſeem at ſo great a loſs to know what to do with. Since ſir we have made it our own, I truſt we ſhall find capacity ſufficient to govern it. For why all thoſe fears? Is it not the true intereſt of all to be united, and will not our mutual intereſt and love of country bind us together. It certainly will. But gentlemen appear as though they thought our late acquiſition has made us too rich, and ſeek to know how we ſhall diſpoſe of that vaſt country. When that ſhall be the queſtion before us, there will be but little difficulty on that ſubject, and for myſelf I promiſe the gentleman I ſhall without heſitation, ſay what I think will beſt accord with the intereſt, and bind in friendſhip, every part of this Union.

It muſt, however be recollected, that about ſix or eight months paſt, theſe gentlemen had no conſtitutional objections, or conſciencious ſcruples, on this ſubject—Had they then taken New-Orleans and the Floridas, will the gentlemen now tell us that they intended to return it again to thoſe from whom they might have taken it. Would they then have ſaid the conſtitution limited them to certain bounds? If ſo I would aſk what are the conſtitutional limitations? It has none ſir in that reſpect, and I contend that the treaty making powers in this country are competent to the full and free exerciſe of their beſt judgment in making of treaties without limitation of power; for on every ſubject in which that power is called to act, it muſt act on its own reſponſibility. Our government is indeed the government of the people; the conſtitution is the inſtrument of their choice—it is that inſtrument that grants the power I contend for, and which ſays that the President ſhall have power, by and with the advice and conſent of the Senate, to make treaties, provided two-thirds of the Senators preſent concur. This power then, ſir, paſſes out of the hands of the people by their conſent, and is veſted for the time limited by themſelves, and until the period they have choſen for the free exerciſe of their elective rights ſhall return. On the ground of expediency little need to be ſaid, and I hope gentlemen will excuſe me if I again repeat a deſire to know the extent of their objects, when they ſo loudly clamored for war. Were I as ſuſpicious as themſelves, I might readily indulge a belief from the preſent ſtate of things, that they wiſhed to check the riſing growth of the weſtern people, by getting them into a war, make them a handſome bow and leave them to fight their battles.

But happily our treaty ſecures us againſt all ſuch apprehenſions, and I hope we ſhall paſs the bill now before you, as neceſſary for carrying into effect the conditions of our treaty with good faith.

The gentleman from Delaware, (Mr. White) ſhould have ſtated me more correctly, he ſhould have ſaid that I contended that if his favorite plan of receſſion took place, that the power to whom the receſſion was made would intice our citizens by every means, and by the very means that the gentleman ſeems to wiſh to put in their power to ſettle weſt of the Miſſippi; that in an event like that we might as well paſs laws to prevent the fiſh from ſwimming up the Cheſapeake, as to prevent our citizens from migrating to that country, and I again warn gentlemen of the dangerous tendency of ſuch receſſion, and aſſure them thar I am not among thoſe that believe that France, Spain, or even the Britiſh government would govern that county more to our intereſt than we ſhall do, nor do I credit a doctrine ſo abſurd as to believe the people of the weſtern country will abandon their intereſt and proſtitute their honor to create dangers ſo imminent, as the gentleman from Connecticut, (Mr. Hillhouſe) ſeems to apprehend, and who is ſo fearful of the day in which the weſtern people ſhall give laws to the union, but if ever it ſhould ſo happen I hope they will be at leaſt as juſt and ſalutary as they were when that honorable gentleman and his friends formed the political majority in this houſe.

The queſtion was then taken on the paſſage of the bill, and carried in the affirmative.

YEAS—Meſſrs. Adams, Anderſon, Bailey, Baldwin, Bradley, Breckenridge, Brown, Butler, Cocke, Condit, Dayton, Ellery, Franklin, Jackſon, Logan, Maclay, Nicholas, Olcott, Plumer, Potter, Iſrael Smith, John Smith, Stone, Taylor, Worthington, Wright—26.

NAYS—Meſſrs. Hillhouſe, Pickering, Tracy, Wells, White—5.

TUESDAY January, 3, 1804.

The houſe went into a committee of the whole—Mr. J. C. Smith in the chair—on the bill making appropriation for the military ſervice for the year 1804.

The bill, being reported, was immediately taken up by the houſe, and after being amended, was ordered to be engroſſed for a third reading tomorrow.

Dr. Mitchill, after taking an intereſting view of the heavy impoſitions laid on American veſſels entering Britiſh ports (which we ſhall detail hereafter) offered the following reſolution:

Reſolved that the committee of Commerce and manufactures be directed to enquire into the expediency of laying and collecting a tonnage duty on foreign ſhips and veſſels, entering the ports and harbours of the United States, as an equivalent for the advantages ſuch ſhips or veſſels derive from the light houſes they paſs inwards and outwards, and to report their opinion thereon by bill or otherwiſe.

Ordered to lie on the table.

Mr. Huger, from the committee appointed on the 25th of November, to whom was referred the report of a committee made at the laſt ſeſſion on that part of the Meſſage of the Preſident of the United States, which relates to the foſtering of the fiſheries in the United States, with inſtructions to enquire what meaſures are neceſſary for the encouragement of the whale and cod fiſheries, made a detailed report, concluding with a reſolution, that there be paid on each ton of veſſels employed in the whale fiſheries cents for each voyage, provided that a greater ſum than dollars ſhall not be paid for each veſſel.

Referred to a committee of the whole on Monday next.

Mr. Leib offered the following reſolution:

Reſolved that the Secretary of the Navy do report to this houſe, a ſtatement of all the monies advanced for the pay, cloathing, ſubſiſtence and contingencies of the corps of Marines, from the time of the organization and eſtabliſhment of that corps to the cloſe of the laſt year, exhibiting the dates of the advances and to whom made; alſo an account ſtanding generally under each head of expenditure aforeſaid, when and by whom and what amount of money has been accounted for, and ſhewing the balances, if any, now in advance and not accounted for.

Agreed to without a diviſion.

Mr. Kennedy called up his reſolution, preſcribing that the ſums received in the ports of the U. States, for the relief and maintenance of ſick and diſabled ſeamen, be expended in the diſtricts wherein they are collected, and that the ſurplus be placed for certain purpoſes under the direction of the Preſident.

Referred to a committee of the whole on Monday.

Mr. J. Clay obſerved that conſiderable injury had accrued to the United States from the exiſting proviſions of the revenue laws, in caſes wherein they were infracted. He therefore moved the following reſolution:

Reſolved, That perſons guilty of crimes ariſing under the revenue laws of the United States, or incurring fines or forfeitures by breaches of the ſaid laws, may be proſecuted, tried and puniſhed at any time within five years after the time of committing the offence or incurring the fine or forfeiture, any proviſion or law to the contrary notwithſtanding.

Referred to the committee of ways and means.

The houſe went into committee of the whole (Mr. Varnum in the chair) on the bill to allow a drawback of duties on goods, wares and merchandiſe tranſported by land, in caſes therein mentioned.

The committee, after ſome diſcuſſion of the bill, roſe and obtained leave to ſit again.

PARIS, October 20.

Bonaparte, Firſt Conſul of the Republic, decrees as follows: Citizens Boiſſel Dubuiſſon, and Maillard, the former of whom retired into the country, and the latter offered his reſignation while the enemy was in ſight, are deprived of their offices, ſince cowards cannot be permitted to remain at the head of ſuch a commune as Granville. The miniſter of the interior is charged with the execution of the preſent arrete.

BONAPARTE.

LVERPOOL, Nov. 9.

The arrival of ſeveral mails from the continent during this week, has brought us an influx of intelligence of various kinds which comes down as low as the 22d ult. The grand article, which like a vortex, ſwallows up almoſt every other, is the projected invaſion of this country. And indeed until this important queſtion be ſet to reſt and decided forever, the intereſt of all the ſtates in Europe muſt remain ſuſpended upon it. If it be aſked when this important deciſion is to be made, we are compelled to reply, that ſo vague and unſatisfactory—ſo various and contradictory are the ſtatements in the foreign journals, that it would be abſurd to preſume to offer a decided opinion upon it. It ſhould be ſufficient for us to know that an adequate interval has taken place between the menaces hurled againſt our very exiſtence and the preſent hour, to enable us to look invaſion in the face without diſmay. Fortunately this interval has, by the great body of the people, particularly by our volunteers been wiſely and induſtriouſly employed. This wiſdom and induſtry, have been exerted in that preparation without which, the ſtouteſt hearts are appalled at the approach of danger. The threat of invaſion has been ſo often repeated, that it has long ſince become familiar to every claſs of the community. Accompanied on our part, with correſponding efforts to defeat it, it ought at this time to be looked forward to with firmneſs, without contempt—with anticipation unconnected with that ſort of anxiety, which favours more of fear than of a determined ſpirit of oppoſition.

What are fifty, what a thouſand ſlaves,
Match'd to the ſinews of a ſingle arm
That ſtrikes for liberty? That ſtrikes to ſave
His fields from fire, his infants from the ſword,
His couch from luſt, his daughters from pollution;
And his large honours from eternal infamy?

A diverſity of opinion is ſtated to exiſt amongſt military men as to the ſyſtem which ought to be purſued in the event of the enemy effecting a landing on our ſhores. Some recommend delay, as the ſureſt means to harraſs and ultimately conquer;—while others, with more enthuſiaſm of our countrymen, propoſe to lead them to immediate action. Probably the ſureſt path lies between theſe two extremes.—We would wiſh to ſee the caution of a Waſhington or a Cornwallis, animated by the gallant impetuoſity of an Abercrombie, or a Moira.

The nature of the impending war, impoſes a greater degree of caution than would be requiſite in ordinary caſes.—France contends for plunder and dominion: We fight for Liberty and Life.——The enemy cannot calculate on receiving ſuccour or ſupplies; and to him delay muſt be fatal.—To us it will admit the concentrating our forces, although partial inconvenience may reſult from it.—He acting on the raſh maxim imported to Cæſar, engages in the exploit without deliberation; for fear, leſt the conſideration of the danger, might damp the ardour of the enterprize—He depends on the ſuddenneſs of his movements, and impetuoſity of his attack, and leaves to fortune to ſupply the defect in his arrangement. We ſtand on far different ground; we fairly contemplate the danger; we know our reſources and can place our operations beyond the influence of

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Charlie. With him delay is an enemy to victory—to procrastinate is to perish. We should ke Augustus "make haste slowly," and without foregoing any advantage which circumstances may present, should act on the principle of Philip the Second of Spain, who used to say, "Time and I will challenge any other two."

The situation of Egypt has again become a subject of importance. To secure this country from the French was one of the reasons for which the war was renewed; and though the broad occasion of the rupture may be found in the unprovoked aggression of the enemy in various quarters of Europe, it was Malta the key of Egypt, on which the rupture ultimately hinged. This was the rock of speculation from which we took a review of all our grievances, and drew up a general indictment against the perfidity and ambition of the enemy. It is confidently believed, and as we think, with good reason, that Egypt is the *focus* to which the hopes, the wishes, and the exertions, of Bonaparte, are still ultimately directed. That the possession of England is beyond his reach, if he think at all, he must be convinced. But while he is making the invasion of this country, a stalking horse, it may be only to mask his principal design—the design in which he is more likely to succeed. During the last war we remember the same talk of invasion, of flat bottomed boats, and the army of England, nor have we yet forgot that it all terminated in—*An expedition to Egypt.* While, therefore, every means of repelling his aggression upon our own shores is attended to, we are glad to find that government have sent out instructions to Lord Nelson to keep a watchful eye on the armies collecting in Italy, and the preparations in Toulon and other ports in that latitude.

NEW YORK, January 2.

To the Editors of the New York Gazette.

St. Pierre's, Martinique, Nov. 27.

GENTLEMEN,

Information of every kind is no doubt welcome to you; and some friends of mine may reap benefit from it at the same time. The squadron which blockades this island consists of one 74, one frigate, one sloop of war and a brig, with the two tender schooners, one of which is the *privateer Harmony*, lately cut out of this port. The 74, sloop of war and brig, with the two tenders, I saw 30 leagues to windward of this island, standing to the northward and eastward. The frigate, they say, is off this port, though I have not seen her. The market here is very low in general; flour is 8 dollars, beef about 15 to 18; pork 18 to 22; hams about 1s 6d. to 2s. beans, peas and codfish are in demand; soap and candles will answer; sugar of the first quality is 9 dollars, with about one dollar duty, and coffee not to be had. I was also under Guadaloupe, but saw no men of war, though declared in a state of blockade. I am greatly of opinion that those vessels I saw were bound to Barbadoes, as they had been a good while on this station, the frigate had been into Dominico about a week before. There is a sloop privateer now cruizing off this port, and round the island.

There is only one armed schooner in this port & they have chained her for fear of being cut out.

The following Proclamation, which we consider of importance to our commercial readers, was furnished by capt. Lassel, arrived at Portland from Berbice.

PROCLAMATION.

By their Excellencies Lieutenant General William Grienfield, and Commodore Samuel Hood, Commanders in Chief of his Majesty's land and sea forces, at the windward and leeward Charibee Islands, &c.

Whereas, by articles of capitulation proposed to the inhabitants of Berbice, &c. &c. and accepted by them, which place is now in his Majesty's possession, and the inhabitants thereof are become subjects of his Majesty; we have thought fit, by virtue of the powers and authorities in us vested, to publish this proclamation, hereby permitting and allowing that from and after the publication hereof, until his majesty's pleasure shall be made known, that all his loving subjects may lawfully trade to and from such places as are in his majesty's possession, subject nevertheless to the same duties, rules, regulations, conditions, restrictions, penalties and forfeitures, to which the trade to and from his majesty's colonies, plantations, and islands in the West Indies, is or shall be subject by law—but nothing therein contained shall extend to prevent the importations in Americans, or other neutral bottoms belonging to the subjects of any power in amity with his Britannic majesty, of provisions, cattle, grain, wood of every kind from the United States of America, so long as the same shall be allowed in pursuance of and under the terms and conditions of the said articles of capitulation or any other privileges or exemptions granted by the said articles of capitulation.

It is further ordered and declared, that all commodities, being the growth, produce or manufacture of the aforesaid place, shall be shipped to G. Britain or Ireland, or any British plantation in British ships, navigated according to law. And it is further ordered that no produce shall be exported in foreign bottoms, except what may be deemed absolutely necessary in return for provisions, and that only to the amount of such provisions.

Given under our hands and seals, at head quarters, Demerara, the 2d day of October, 1803

W. GRIENFIELD.
Lieut. Gen.
SAMUEL HOOD.

Alexandria Daily Advertiser.

FRIDAY, JANUARY 6.

Captain Ripley, of the Rising Sun, arrived at New-York, in 18 days from Barbadoes, reports that he left there the brig Commerce, Balding, of this port, and brig Fame, Davis, also of this port—the latter was brought in for adjudication, had trial, but no decision given when captain R. sailed.

The sloop Experiment, arrived at New York, left at Baffaterre, sch'r Two Brothers, Manning, of George Town, just arrived—and sch'r Potomac, Stewart, to sail in 5 or 6 days after the Experiment.——*Markets at Baffaterre*—Flour 8 dolls. beef 15, pork 16.

To the Mayor and Commonalty.

GENTLEMEN,

For some time past my mind has been considerable at ease, in the hopes that your memorial to Congress, and the counter memorial would be consolidated into one, and, in that state, with the concurrence of both parties, to go up to Congress with a degree of respectability which would merit success. It is with inexpressible concern I hear that your last evening's deliberation has decided to the contrary.

My situation in life is such that I cannot be injured, though it should please those who have the power to reject even the three *up town* persons who are permitted to have the honor of a seat at your council If the town is kept in a proper state of cleanliness, and the nuisances removed, my wish is gratified. I earnestly desire and I believe it is the general wish that matters of such import, as assume the hateful aspect of *up town* or *down town* party, may be deferred to a distinct memorial. As a focus to the public mind, I entreat you to adopt such a memorial, as will concentrate the wishes of the inhabitants in such a manner as must inforce conviction of the justice of the request you prefer.

I seldom enter my habitation without feeling some portion of the melancholy ideas with which I entered it when called to town during the prevalence of the malignant fever, and when I return the carresses with which my infant children greet my entrance, I feel no small degree of gratitude to the Supreme Being for having still left me to provide for them, whilst so many of my neighbourve has been called away so suddenly from their families, and friends. Distance of time takes off the keen edge of the most melancholy impressions: Those which have passed are wrote in characters too strong to be wholly obliterated. The awful silence of night which pervaded our streets, and the melancholy scenes which you must all have witnessed, and some of you felt, might induce you to defer those objects for a season which, under the opposition they meet with, may endanger the measures which are necessary to our safety.

R. P.

January 5, 1804.

The following extract which we have translated from the Leyden Gazette, is well calculated to shew our countrymen, that the pirates of the Mediterranean can be easily brought to order.

N. Y. Chron. Express.

FLORENCE, August 19.

Admiral Nelson has bombarded Algiers for ten hours, without intermission. The cause and the details of the affair are as follow:

An Algerine fleet met an English frigate near Malta, and summoned her to bring to, but after receiving several broadsides, the frigate escaped, and gained the port of Malta. On receiving this information, two British ships of the line and two frigates set out without delay in pursuit of the Barbarian squadron, which they overtook, and sunk seven of their vessels.

On the news of this defeat the Dey of Algiers had all the English Agents thrown into irons, and their property confiscated. Admiral Nelson, when informed of this barbarous reprisal, stationed himself before Algiers with a squadron to advance, and in the middle of the night commenced a brisk fire of bombs and heated balls, which spread fear and desolation through the city. The Dey sent a message to Lord Nelson, who replied he could give no answer for several hours, during which interval the bombardment continued without interruption, in such a manner as to cause the most dreadful ravages through the city. Afterwards on a second message from the Dey, with new propositions, Lord Nelson demanded that all the English Agents should be set at liberty, and a complete indemnity be made for the losses they had sustained, with the releasement of all the captives. He exacted besides the sum of 500,000 sequins, with a promise that the Dey would never again make either Tuscans or Neapolitans captives.

Short Queries to make long faces.

WHEREAS Thomas Jefferson, soon after he came to the presidency, published his tenets as to remove from office, and proceed to carry them into practise; And WHEREAS, in pursuance thereof, he displaced Richard Harrison esquire, United States District Attorney, and appointed Edward Livingston, esquire, in his stead: And WHEREAS, in this arrangement, we must, in charity to the said Thomas Jefferson, suppose that "time was taken, information sought and obtained," to the same amount as in the case of Samuel Bishop at New Haven: And WHEREAS we are to presume that in this case, as in that, he proceeds "in the *operation* (a technical word by the way well suited to his amputating process) with deliberation and enquiry, that it might effect the purposes of justice and *public utility.*" And WHEREAS, during the fourteen years that Richard Harrison, esq. was district attorney of the United States, he conducted himself with the strictest integrity and in a manner the most trust worthy. And WHEREAS his successor, in November term, in the district court of the United States, confessed judgement for ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS, of his office, and which have been applied to his own private use:

NOW THEREFORE, we have thought proper to propose the two following queries:

First. Has not Mr. Livingston been suffered to leave this state without having in any manner secured the payment of the said sum or any part thereof?

Secondly. If this large sum should be lost to the community, on whom ought the loss in equity and good conscience to fall? on the public at large, comprehending the federalists, who reprobated the conduct of the executive in the removing of a most worthy officer, and who bore their testimony against the appointment of his successor, or ought it to fall on Mr. Jefferson himself and those who advise this measure?

Let it be understood that this is not a wanton attempt to injure the feelings of Mr. Livingston, or any of his friends. But surely after the malicious charges of malconduct, as to public monies which have at one time or other, been brought against every officer in the federal administration not merely by the hireling editors of the ministerial papers, but by men of high standing in the party, not excepting the president himself, and after these wicked charges have been circulated with an industry, and perseverance unexampled in the history of calumny, without a tittle of evidence to support them; after all this I say, in vain have they to expect that real delinquencies will be winked at by us, or even that they will not be sought out, and when detected, boldly and plainly published to the world. We, however, shall never become one who deals in ambignous whispers, which do almost equal injury whether true or false, and which elude detection if unfounded. No: we speak in positive terms, of this public defaulter. If any one doubts the truth of what we say, we refer him to the records of the district court. [*Evening Post.*]

A *true-blue* republican paper, about six inches square, has lately appeared at Canandaigua, in this state, (N. Y.) We are charmed with the editor's manner, and that our readers may also be charmed with it, we present them with a specimen:

(*Balance.*)

"They (the federalist) shake in their shoes—they are afraid that the few men who are to be sent to receive the possession (of Louisiana) may be opposed; those Patridges of Tom Jones, now see them blown body and soul in a flash of powder, and with them Louisiana, and for which we must pay, possessed or not by us.—Some of these intermitting heroes exhibit all the ghastliness of men fed four months on chalk and parched beans."!!!!!

The following *jeu de mot* was sent by a young lady to her lover, whose name was *Nott*, a few weeks before their marriage. The nuptial knot was fastened soon after the discerning lover decyphered its import.

Why urge, dear sir, a bashful maid
To change her single lot?
When well you know, I've often said,
In truth, I love you, Nott.

For all your pain I do, Nott, care,
And trust me, on my life,
Though you had millions, I declare,
I would, Nott, be your wife.

The Partnership

Of George Lee and Charles Coones trading under the firm of *Lee & Coones*, is this day dissolved, of which those concerned will be pleased to take notice.

GEORGE LEE.
CHARLES COONES.

Charles County, 6th Jan. law3t

☞ *The Editor of the Washington Federalist will please insert the above once a week for three weeks.*

Madeira Wine.

16 pipes London particular Wine,
2 qr. casks do. do.
Received per sch'r Ploughby, via Norfolk, for Sale on a liberal credit by
J. and T. Vowell.

Jan. 6 d

Ten Dollars Reward.

RAN-AWAY from the subscriber last night, an apprentice boy named SAMUEL ADAMS, seventeen years old, about 5 feet 8 inches high, stout made, dark eyes and hair, and the upper lip rather short. The above reward will be paid for bringing back the above named boy, with all reasonable charges.

All persons are cautioned against harbouring or carrying off the said apprentice, as the law will be strictly enforced.

ADAM LYNN.

Jan. 6. d3t

Notice.

To the Marine Insurance Company of Alexandria.

THE Stockholders in this institution are hereby informed that a dividend of five per cent. is this day declared, payable to them or their legal representatives, in ten days after this date.

By Order.
J. B. Nicholls, Sec'ry.

Jan. 2. (J3) d

To Rent,

A small FRAME HOUSE on the upper end of St. Asaph street, near Wm. Fitzhugh, Esqre. For terms apply to the Printer.

Jan. 3. d

A NEW PAMPHLET.

Just received and for sale at this office, (price 25 Cents)

A Refutation of the Charges

Made by a writer under the signature of "Veritas," against the character of

GABRIEL JONES:

The lately acknowledged author being the Hon. *Philip Grymes*, Member of the Council of State.

In which every charge or insinuation against him in that libel is fully and clearly refuted.

Jan. 3. d

Notice

Is hereby given to the Stockholders of the Bank of Alexandria,

THAT a dividend of five per cent. on the capital stock of said Bank, for the half year ending this day is declared, and will be ready to be paid to them or their representatives on Thursday next, the 5th instant.

By order of the President and Directors
Gurden Chapin, *Cashier.*

Jan. 2, 1804. d3w

For Sale.

4000 bushels of Richmond Coal.

Apply to Wm. CXLEY.

Dec. 27. d

Wanted to Hire,

A Negro LAD about 18 years of age. Apply to MATTHEW EAKIN.

Dec. 27. 6t

MOORE and LOWE,

At the end of the wharf that was Colonel George Gilpin's, now the property of A. and Elisha Janney, have received

A Cargo of Salt,

From the Isle of May, which is supposed to be the best for curing Fish.

They have also on hand,

Old Jamaica Spirits, French Brandy, Peach do. Rum of different qualities, Cherry Bounce, Whiskey, Cyder, Vinegar, loaf and brown Sugar, Coffee, Teas, Pepper, Pimento, Chocolate, mould and dipp'd Candles by the box, Segars, Lamblack, Raisins by the keg.

All the above articles will be sold low for Cash.

January 4. 1o7t

I will Rent,

For one year on moderate terms, and give immediate possession, my

HOUSES and LOTS,

in the town of Dumfries, adjoining the court house, and lately occupied by captain George Williams, as a tavern. The terms will be made known on application to Mr. William Smith, of Dumfries, or the subscriber.

The above property will be sold to the highest bidder, on a credit of one, two, and three years, at Prince William court house, on the 5th day of March next, being court day. A clear and indisputable title will be made to the purchaser, or purchasers, on the day of sale; he or they giving bonds with approved security, to bear interest from the date if not punctually paid.

A minute description of this property is deemed unnecessary, as it is presumed those inclined to rent or purchase, will first view the premises.

James Mitchell.

Dec. 22. 2aw2m.

☞ Printing in all its variety executed at this office.

ELEGANT EDITION
OF
The HOLY BIBLE.

PROPOSALS

For Printing by Subscription, (in four handsome octavo volumes)

THE HOLY BIBLE,

CONTAINING

The Old and New Testaments.

CONDITIONS.

It shall be printed on a superfine wove paper, with an elegant new type.

The price to subscribers will be *Two Dollars* per vol. in boards, or *Two Dollars* and *Fifty Cents*, handsomely bound and lettered.

To those who subscribe for several copies, a discount will be made, proportioned to the number subscribed for.

THE advantage of having this invaluable Book printed on a large type, and, at the same time, in portable and convenient volumes, appears so evident, that the encouragement necessary to warrant an undertaking of such magnitude, is confidently expected; a portable volume would often be taken up, in a moment of leisure, when the size of a large, unwieldy folio, would operate as an apology for leaving it unopened, in this way, small portions of time would be profitably employed, which might otherwise be totally lost. In large families a Bible in volumes, affording an opportunity for several to read at once, may sometimes be peculiarly convenient: it seems superfluous to add much on this subject---suffice it to say, that no reasonable expence or pains shall be spared, to render this edition of the Holy Scriptures both correct and elegant.

The above work is in press, and will be finished about the end of the present year.

☞ Subscriptions received by R. and J. Gray, King street, where a specimen of the paper and printing may be seen.

JOHN G. LADD

Has for sale at his warehouse, Prince street wharf,

3000 bushels coarse Salt,
15 hhds W. India Rum,
30 pipes best Holland Gin,
150 bls. Beef and Pork,
A quantity of Soal Leather and Shoes of all sorts,
50 pieces of Russia Duck,
100 boxes mould and dipp'd tallow Candles,
50 do. Spermaceti do.
7 hhds. and 80 bls. Sugar,
10 do. Molasses,
2 tons of Cordage assorted,
2 cases bandanna Handkerchiefs,
7 bales India Cottons,
A few Feather Beds with Pillows and Bolsters the best Ticking,
An assortment of playing and blank Cards,
Bar Iron, Stone Lime refined,
Salt Petre, Ground Ginger, Pearl Ash,
Rice, Starch, Writing Paper, Glass, Hops,
Cotton Yarn assorted, &c. &c.

Nov. 1. d

JANNEY and PATON

Have just received, per the brig Polly, and for Sale,

24 hhds. } *New England Rum,*
56 bls. }
75 tons Plaister Paris.

And on hand, as usual, a general assortment of GROCERIES. And about

1250 *tons Plaister.*

Farmers will find it to their interest, when purchasing, to look at this plaister, as they certainly will be able to please themselves as to quality. It lays very convenient to a water carriage, and may be put on board a vessel free of cartage.

Dec. 9. d

Tunis Craven,

Has just received and is now opening at his store in King-Street a few doors above Messrs. Bennett and Watts's, a handsome assortment of

Fall and Winter Goods,

Consisting of superfine broad cloths, and cassimeres, coating, forest cloth, kersey, and half-thicks, striped and rose blankets, frizes, flannels, toilinett and swansdowns, Russia sheeting, ravens duck, dowlas, creas and ticklenburgs, brown and white platillas, Irish linen, long lawn and fine cotton shirting, an elegant assortment of cambric muslins, white and coloured fine India mull mull and prigg do. fashionable chintz and calicoes, furniture do. ladies extra long cotton gloves, French and English silk pick nick, & lace do. 6.4 sattin stripe and fancy bordered cambric shawls, white and coloured camel's hair do. patent sewing cotton threads, laces, bobbin, &c. &c. The above goods will be disposed of on the usual terms for cash.

Nov. 21. d

RAN-AWAY,

From the subscriber living in Fauquier County, a negro man named

ZACHARY.

HE is a very tall black fellow, clean limbed, has lost the finger next the little one on his left hand, stutters much in speaking, and is about 20 years old.

He was at Mr. Travis Daniel's in Stafford, about a fortnight ago, and had a pass certifying him to be a free man, said to be signed with the name of the Clerk of Fauquier. I will give *Thirty Dollars* to any person delivering me the said negro in Fauquier county, and all lawful charges, and Two Dollars extra for his pass, or Twenty Dollars for lodging him in any jail, so that I get him again. JAMES STIGLAR.

☞ All masters of vessels are forewarned from carrying him off. Dec. 16. d3w

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BENJAMIN SHREVE, jun.

Has just received and for Sale,

40 barrels No. 1 Beef,
4 pipes Cognac Brandy,
45 bags Pepper,
6 boxes womens' Morocco Shoes,
And a handsome assortment of India GOODS.

Dec. 27. d

☞ *Sale Postponed.*

THE subscribers not being able to have the LANDS advertised below surveyed, and the Lots staked off in a satisfactory manner by Thursday next, on account of the badness of the weather, are under the necessity of postponing the sale until Tuesday the 10th of January, when the sale will positively take place.

Charles Simms,
George Deneale,
Edmund J. Lee.

Valuable Property for Sale,

ADJOINING THE TOWN OF ALEXANDRIA.

Will positively be sold on Tuesday the 10th day of January next on the premises,

107 Acres of LAND,

Including Mr. Dade's former Dwelling House out Houses, Garden, Stables &c. adjoining the Town of Alexandria, formerly the property of Mr. Baldwin Dade, *and now owned by* Col. Nathaniel Pendleton, *of New York.*

This Land lies at the upper end of the Town, and fronts on the river Potomac, so as to include two good Fisheries, and runs back between the Town and Mr. Hartshorne's Land; crosses the George-town road, and runs between the race ground, and Messrs. Fendall's, Conway's, Simms's and Fitzhugh's Lots, to Mr. Charles Alexander's back line.

That part of the Land lying between the river and the George-town road, has been laid off into Lots of two acres corresponding with the squares in Town, and Fairfax, Royal, Pitt, St. Asaph, Washington, and Columbus streets extended, with cross streets of the same width, and will be sold in whole or half squares; the Land west of the George town road will be sold in lots of from two to five acres each, as may best accomodate purchasers. Considerable trouble has been taken to render the title clear, and freed from every possible incumbrance or prospect of litigation.

The terms of Sale will be one fourth of the purchase money payable on the first day of March next, and the remainder in nine and eighteen months, a negociable note will be required for the first payment, and a security on the property for the balance. This property is beautifully situated for building Lots, lying in a long slip from the river to the top of the hill, which ranges with Mr. Dulany's house, and the whole of it fronting with a full view of the Town, and extending back to a range of highly improved meadows; the platt and survey made by Col. Gilpin, may be seen at any time on application to

Charles Simms,
George Deneale,
Edmund J. Lee, } Attornies in fact to
Nathaniel Pendleton.

December 9. d

☞ The Editors of National Intelligencer and Anti-Democrat will please insert the above advertisement until the day of sale, and transmit their accounts to the Editor hereof.

In obedience to a Decree of the County Court of Fairfax, on the first Monday in January, if fair, if not the next fair day, will be exposed to sale upon the premises, on a credit of 6, 12, and 18 months:

A TRACT OF LAND,

Containing 300 acres, mortgaged by Josiah Watson, to Charles Higbie, to secure a debt owing by him to the said Higbie; this land fronts a considerable way upon the new Turnpike road, and is laid off into a number of convenient lots, a plan of which may at any time be seen by applying to George Gilpin. Negociable notes with an approved indorser, will be requested for securing the first payment, when deeds will be executed to the purchasers and trusts taken upon the property to secure the other payments. It may be observed, that on this land there are a number of beautiful situations, well calculated for elegant country seats, and the whole well adapted either as places of residence for such families as might wish to retire from town in the summer season, or for the accommodation of tradesmen and laborers at all times.

JAS. KEITH,
GEO. GILPIN,
FRANCIS PEYTON, } *Commissioners.*

Dec. 10. eods

This is to give Notice,

THAT we the subscribers have obtained from the Orphans' Court of Alexandria County, in the District of Columbia, Letters of Administration on the personal estate of *George Kilton*, late of the said county of Alexandria, deceased—All persons having claims against the said estate, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, at or before the ninth day of November next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate.

Given under our hands this twenty seventh day of December, 1803.

John C. Vowell,
Daniel M'Leod.

N. B. All persons indebted to the estate of *George Kilton*, deceased are requested to make immediate payment to the above named administrators, or either of them.

Dec. 28. eo3w

☞ *Printing in all its variety executed at this office with neatness and dispatch.*

For Sale, by

ROBERT & JOHN GRAY,

WHEATON's

GENUINE PATENT JAUNDICE BITTERS,

A MEDICINE extremely useful when Jaundicy and Billious Complaints are so prevalent among the citizens of America and the West Indies. They are a useful and efficacious Medicine for curing Jaundicy and Billious disorders, and removing that sinking, faint, distressed feeling at the stomach, difficulty of breathing, loss of appetite, and sleepy, dull heaviness in the forepart of the day, weakness and trembling of the limbs, dizziness of the head, and yellowness of countenance, complaints so common to jaundicy and billious people.

Also removing constipation of the bowels, obstructions of urine, choliey complaints, pukings and purgings, indigestion, sick head ache, rheumatic complaints, &c. (which arise from a collection of sour, billious matter in the stomach) and at length restoring the constitution to strength and vigor.

They are also found very useful to carry off worms, and cure ricketty children, and may be used with safety in all constitutions, ages and sexes.

The many cures that have been effected in New England, by the above medicine, (as may be seen in the bills) prevent the necessity of further recommendation.

LIKEWISE,

Wheaton's Patent Itch Ointment.

The only medicine in the world which will certainly cure the ITCH, without having in it any thing either dangerous or disagreeable; it being composed mostly of ingredients never before discovered or used in that disorder. One box cures a person, and there need be no washing after the use of it, as the skin is generally left cleaner and smoother after the use of it than before.

August 2. 2aw6m

This is to give Notice,

THAT the subscriber hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Alexandria County, in the District of Columbia, Letters of Administration on the personal estate of *David Graham*, late of the said county of Alexandria, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber at or before the 1st day of July next; they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate.

Given under my hand this 21st day of December, 1803.

David Wilson Scott,
Administrator of David Graham, deceased.

All persons indebted to the said estate are hereby required to make immediate payment to the Administrator.

Dec. 21. 2aw6w

Notice is hereby Given,

THAT an ELECTION for Fifteen Directors of the *Marine Insurance Company of Alexandria*, will be held at the Court House in Alexandria, on Monday the 16th day of January next.

By Order.

J. B. Nickolls, Sec'ry.

Dec. 22. eo

☞ Mr. A. Davis, at Richmond, and Mr. T. Green, Fredericksburg, will please publish the foregoing in their papers until the day of the Election.

HOUSES TO LET.

THE subscriber having removed from Alexandria, is desirous of letting his TWO HOUSES in Water street, situated upon the north and south corners of Jefferson street. They are well suited to the accommodation of small families, have an uninterrupted and extensive view of Potomac, with well enclosed gardens and necessary out buildings attached.

A few unimproved lots under fence, adjoining the above for rent or sale.

For Particulars apply to Mr. D. W. Scott, nearly opposite the premises, or to R. I. Taylor, Esq. King street.

T. HAMILTON.

Dec. 6. eo

STOUGHTON's

GENUINE BITTERS,

Faithfully prepared at the original warehouse London.

TO make any observations here, upon the superior quality of these Bitters, to any ever offered for sale, is needless; suffice it to say, that they have stood the test of approbation a great number of years.

Gentlemen, who prefer bitters, will find them an elegant and wholesome preparation; and now, for the first time, imported in quart bottles, as well as vials, which will reduce the price near one half.

☞ Country stores and taverns supplied by the dozen or grose, with a very large allowance on the price, or bartered for country produce, on application to Messrs. Robert and John Gray, booksellers, Alexandria.

Sold also, (Retail)

By Rapine, Conrad and Co. booksellers, Capitol Hill, Washington; John March, bookseller, George Town; Tildsley Graham, Norfolk, and A. Buck, Fredericksburg.

Nov. 5. 3m1aw

Notice is hereby given,

To the Stockholders of the BANK OF ALEXANDRIA, that an Election will be held at the Court-house in this Town, on the third Monday in January next, for the purpose of choosing nine Directors of said Bank for the ensuing year, agreeable to charter.

By order of the President and Directors.

GURDEN CHAPIN, *Cashier.*

December 15, code

☞ The Printers of the Virginia Gazette, Richmond; Virgina Herald, Fredericksburg; & the Virgina Centinel, Winchester, are requested to insert the above till the day of election.

Just received and for Sale

By William Cash,
King street,

44 barrels best brown

TANNERS' OIL.

ALSO,

30 bls. of Mackerel of the first quality.

Dec. 29. law3t.

Notice.

All persons who stand indebted to the estate of Jesse Pugh, deceased, are requested to make immediate payment—and those who have any demands against said estate are directed to produce them legally authenticated for settlement to

CATHARINE PUGH,
Administratrix,

at the house formerly occupied by Henry S. Earl, Fairfax street.

Dec. 28. eo3w

S. THOMEE

Begs leave to inform his friends and the public in general, that he has commenced business in the line of

GILDING

And Enamelling on Glass,

a few doors above the Washington Tavern. Looking Glass and Picture Frames made and

REGILT.

NEEDLE WORK

framed in a handsome manner,

And NAMES done on GLASS.

S. THOMEE, as a stranger being determined to establish himself in the line of his profession, solicits that encouragement alone which he trusts the reasonableness of his charges and his assiduity to business may entitle him to.

Window Cornices handsomely Gilt, and every thing in his line done to please the fancy of the owner equal to any imported.

☞ He has some glasses and prints for sale on low terms.

Dec. 30. d3m

WANTED TO HIRE,

FOR one year, twenty able bodied NEGRO MEN, to be employed on the Little River Turnpike Road. Good usage to, and punctual payment for their services, may be relied on. Any persons who have, and are disposed to Hire, will please give the earliest notice to the subscriber, who is duly authorised to contract for that number, on behalf of the President and Directors of the Little River Turnpike Company.

Richard Ratcliff.

Dec. 15. d3w

Fairfax Court House.

I wish to Rent, for one or a term of years, the House and premises at present occupied as a TAVERN at this place. The buildings are large and convenient, and others, if necessary, will be made to accommodate a good tenant. Perhaps no situation in the country promises greater advantages in the Public Line; it being now determined that the paved Turnpike Road is to pass this route. Any person qualified for the undertaking, and who wishes such a situation, will please to make application to the subscriber, near the Court House. A store house and land for cultivation, can also be had, if required.

Richard Ratcliff.

Dec. 15. d3w

Wanted to Hire,

A MAN COOK—For one well acquainted with his business generous wages will be given—Apply to the Printer.

December 27. d

PORT FOLIO.

☞ THE Patrons of the PORT FOLIO, and the puplic generally are informed, that on the first day of January next, the publication of the fourth volume will commence.

The friends to this establishment will please recollect, that one of the most necessary stipulations is the payment of one years subscription, *(Five Dollars)* in advance.

Subscriptions or arrearages will be thankfully received for the Editor, by the Editor of the Alexandria Advertiser, who is his agent in thisplace.

☞ Cash given for clean Linen and Cotton Rags.

PRINTED DAILY BY
S. SNOWDEN.